

# Flood risk under climate and land use changes – a coupled modelling framework in an alpine study area

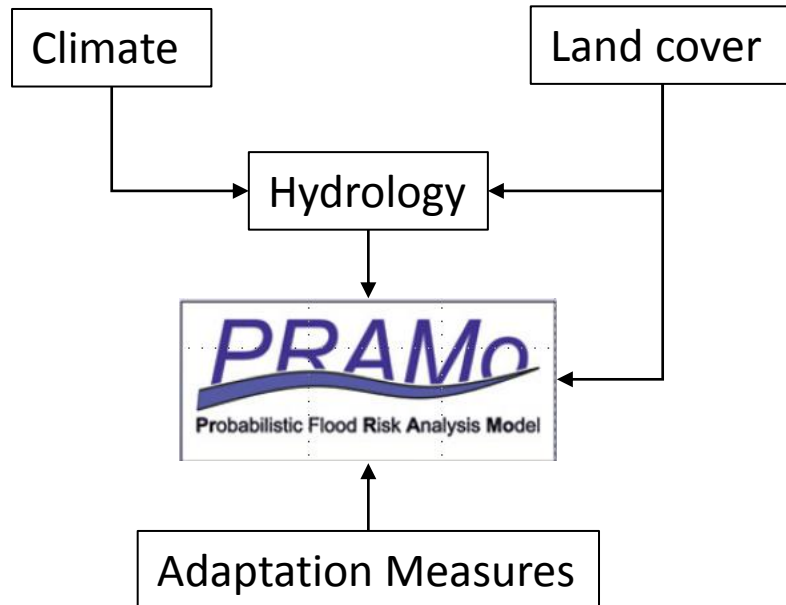
Winter, B.; Schneeberger, K.; Pazur, R.; Georges, C.; Huttenlau, M.; Achleitner, S.; Bolliger, J.

System Risk ETN, Potsdam, 19 September 2019



- General concept
- Study area
- Flood risk model
- Changes in the system
- Flood protection measures
- Development of exposition

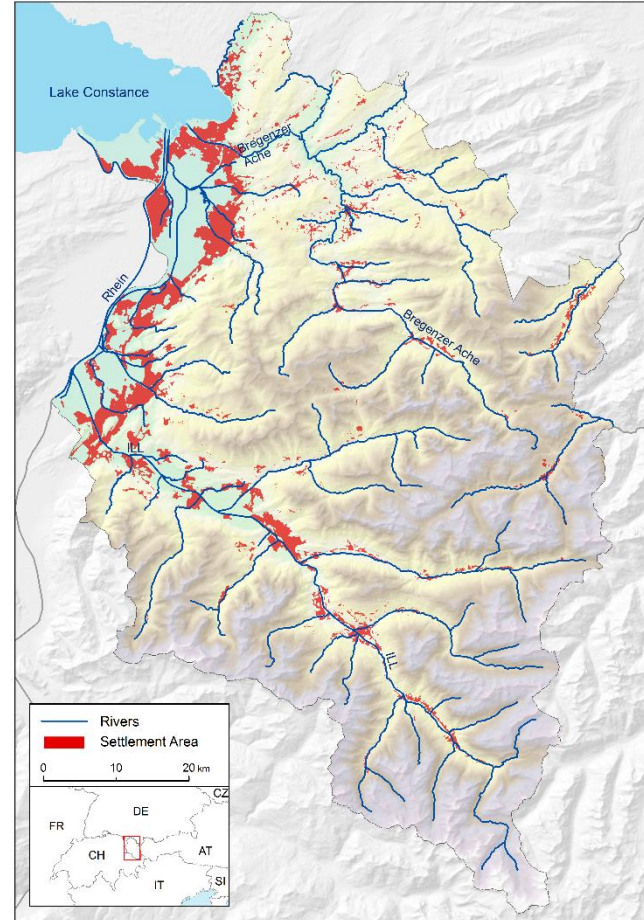
# General Concept



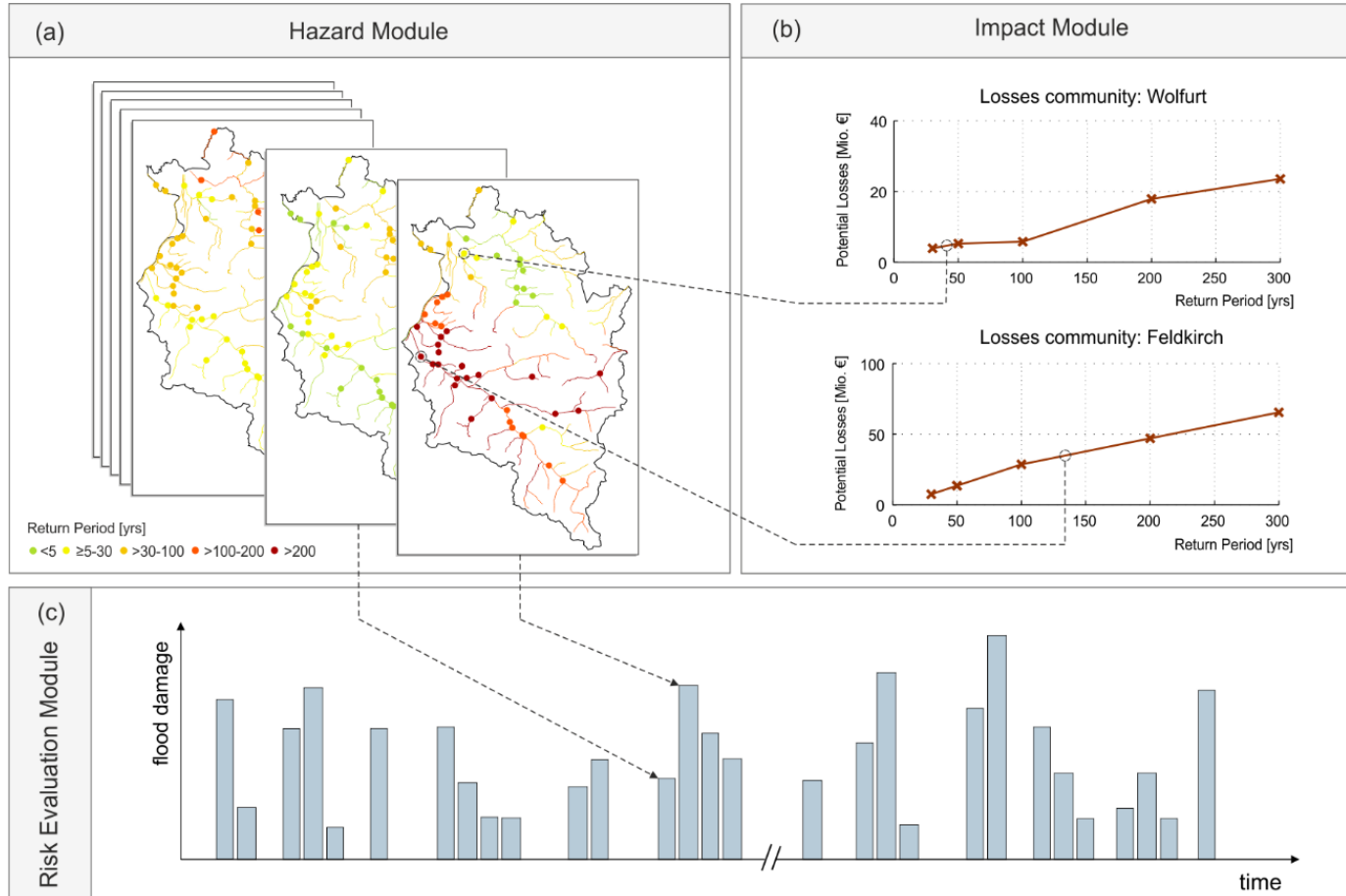
- How may flood risk change in future due to changes in climate and land use?
- How can flood protection measure contribution to reduce risk?
- Present (1987-2016), near future (2021-2050) and far future scenario (2071-2100)

# Study Area

- Vorarlberg, the westernmost province of Austria
- Approximately 2600 km<sup>2</sup>
- Mountainous landscape ranging from 400 up to more than 3000 m a.s.l.
- Forests cover about 40% of the study area
- Settlement areas are concentrated in the valley floors



# Probabilistic flood risk model PRAMo



# Changes in the hydrological system

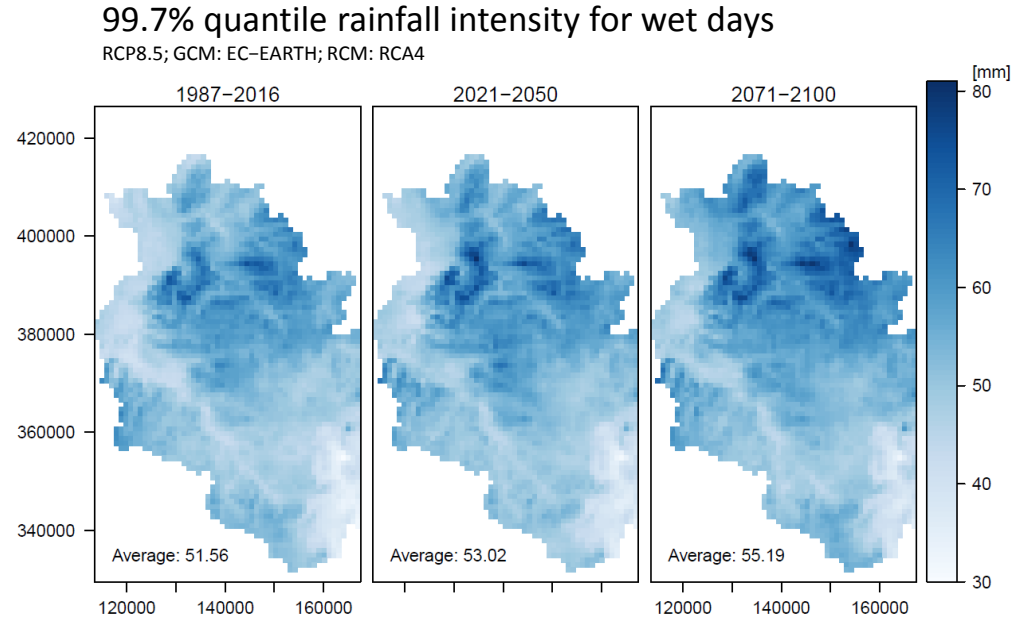
Climate boundary conditions

ÖKS15, Austrian climate change scenarios

**Present:** 1987-2016

**Near future:** 2021-2050

**Far future:** 2071-2100

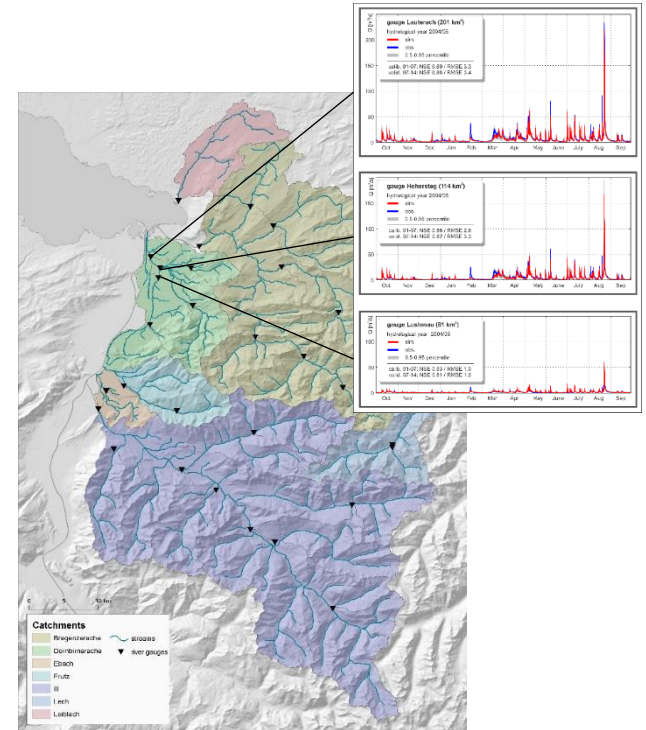


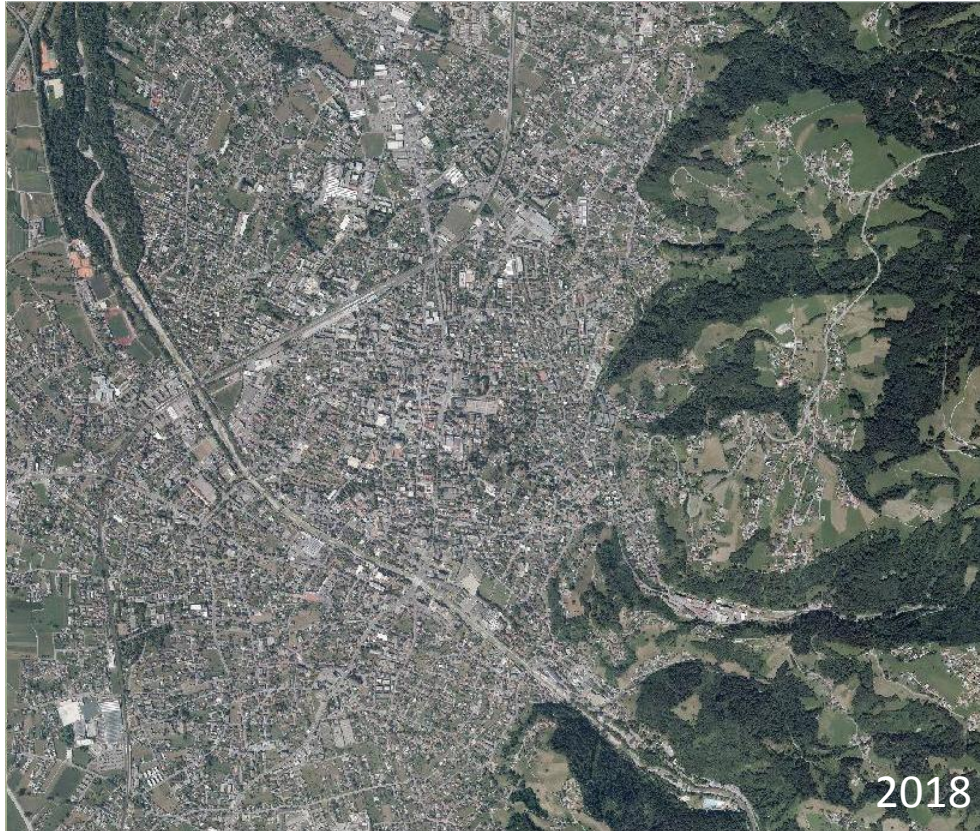
# Changes in the hydrological system

Modelling of the hydrological response for the three time periods and entire river network via semi-distributed RR-Model (HQsim)

Concept of Hydrological Response Units (HRUs) with dynamic land use classes, to address land cover change

- Calculation of hydrological response for each land use class separately, according their parametrisation (e.g. evapotranspiration)
- Total response is given as fraction of each class
- Fraction of each class can be changed during model run





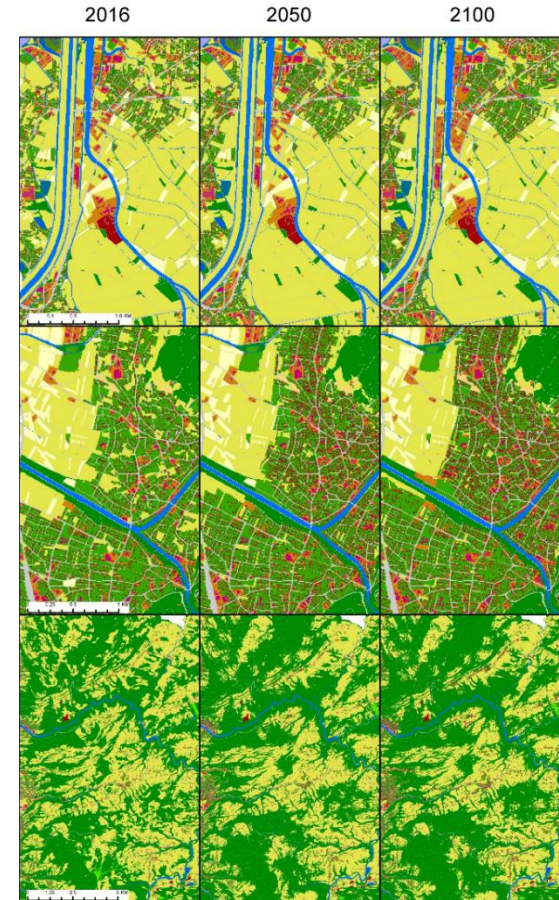
Intensive landscape change in the last decades, with two key developments:

- Spreading of settlements (see example “Dornbirn”)
- Forest expansion at the expense of pastures and meadows



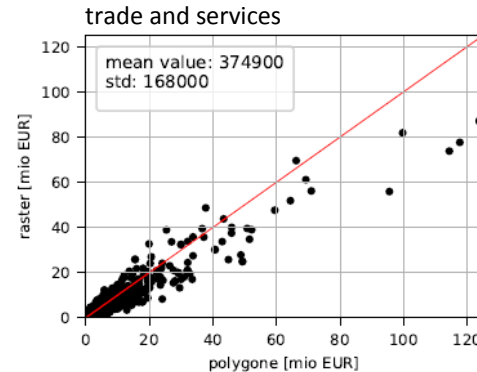
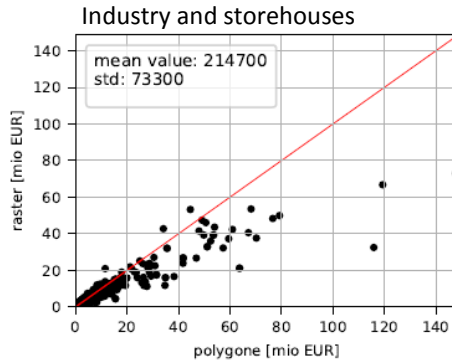
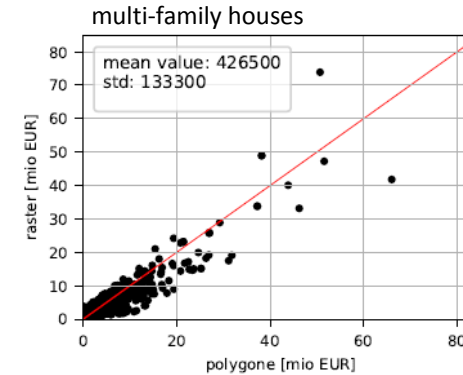
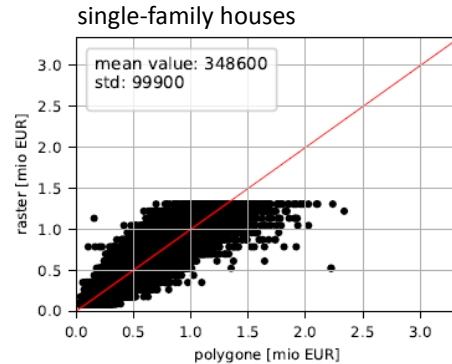
# Changes in land cover

- Spatially explicit land use modelling (Dyna-CLUE) with a grid resolution of 10 meter
- Special focus on settlement development with different build-up classes (e.g. single-/multi family houses; industry, trade & service)
- Four different socio-economic pathway scenarios up to the year 2100, based on the Austrian “Conference” on Spatial Planning, ÖROK (risk, competition, security and growth)



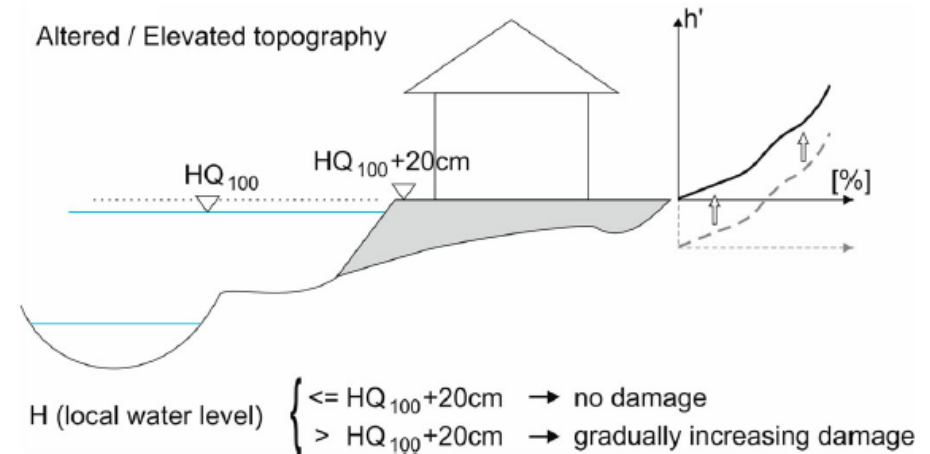
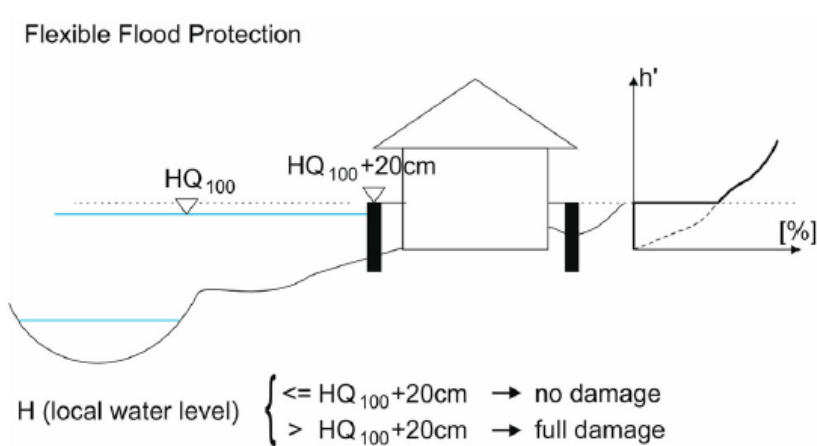
# Asset assessment

Average monetary values of build-up pixels classes are derived by object based insurance values (polygons).



# Object based flood protection measures

Theoretical approach, inspired by legal definitions of the Austrian province “Upper Austria” (LBGI. Nr. 35/2013 § 47).



(Achleitner et al. 2016)

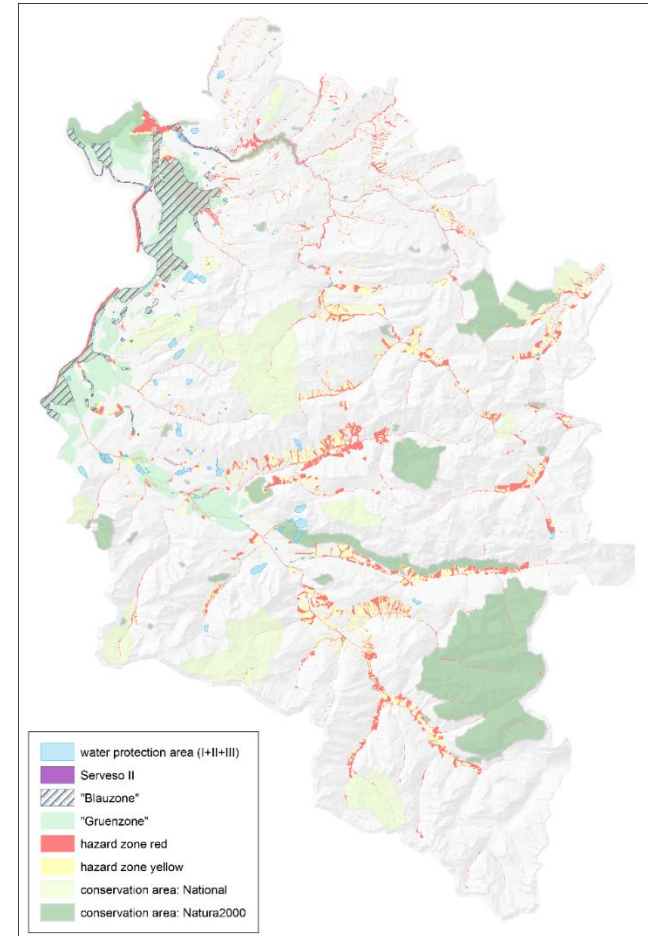
# Spatial planning measures

Development of different spatial planning scenarios to restrict settlement/building development:

**Baseline:** Consideration of present legal situation

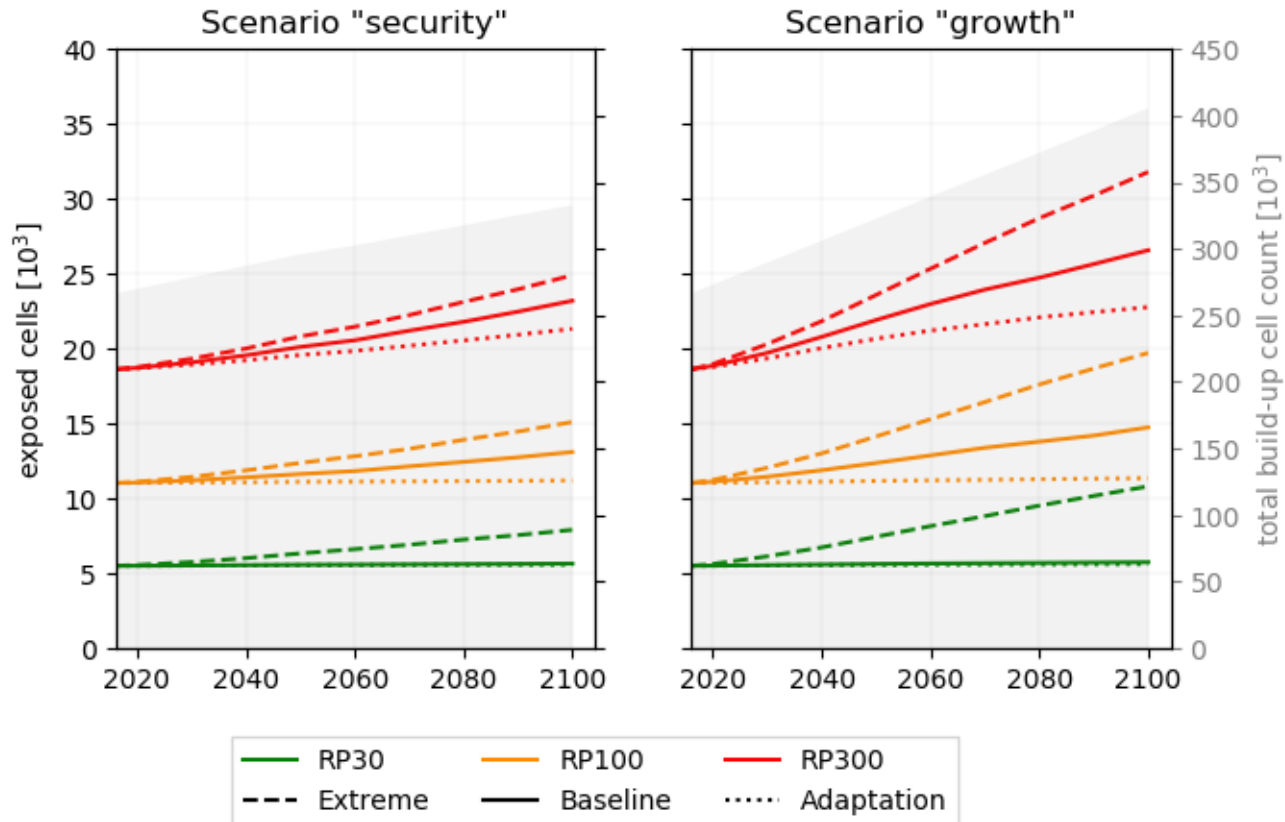
**Adaptation:** Present legal situation + strictly no development in the 'yellow' risk zone

**Extreme:** No restriction at all



# Preliminary Results

Development of exposition based on “homogeneous” flood scenarios



## Next Steps:

- Calibration of the hydrological model for a reference periods
- Hydrological simulation of the climate change scenarios (RCP4.5 and RCP8.5), including the land use change scenarios
- Estimation of corresponding risk-curves, with underlying plausible heterogeneous flood scenarios, based on PRAMo

# Thank you.

## References:

Achleitner, S.; Huttenlau, M.; Winter, B.; Reiss, J.; Plörer, M.; Hofer, M. (2016): Temporal development of flood risk considering settlement dynamics and local flood protection measures on catchment scale. JRBM. DOI: 10.1080/15715124.2016.1167061.

Schneeberger, K., Huttenlau, M., Winter, B., Steinberger, T., Achleitner, S. and Stötter, J. (2019) A probabilistic framework for risk analysis of widespread flood events: A proof-of-concept study. Risk Analysis 39, 125–139. doi: 10.1111/risa.12863.

